ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR TO 31 MARCH 2013

SCOTTISH FUTURES TRUST investments

CONTENTS

	Page
CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT	1
DIRECTORS' REPORT	2 - 3
REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE	4 - 6
STATEMENT ON INTERNAL CONTROL	7
STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES	8
REPORT ON DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION	9
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	10 - 11
INCOME STATEMENT	12
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	13
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	13
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	14
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	15
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	16 - 25
OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISORS	26

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

I am pleased to present the third Annual Report of Scottish Futures Trust Investments Limited (SFTi), a company limited by shares and wholly owned by Scottish Futures Trust Limited (SFT).

This financial year has been marked by yet another significant milestone for SFTi, with the last remaining two hub territories (West and South West) reaching commercial close, with SFTi investing £200,020 into these two territories and appointing Directors to both Boards. This now means the Scotland-wide hub network is complete, with SFTi's investment in hub totalling £1,066,252. There is also an additional investment in nineteen housing partnership LLPs. SFTi holds member's capital of £1 in each.

SFTi holds additional share capital of £15 in hub West Scotland Limited and has provided an additional working capital loan of £150,000. SFTi also holds additional share capital of £3 in hub South West Scotland Ltd and has provided an additional working capital loan of £25,000. These are to be transferred to other public sector participants and therefore have been included as available-for-sale financial assets within the financial statements.

With all five hub companies now operational, the number of construction projects entering the hub pipeline is increasing rapidly. During 2012-2013, the value of hub projects under construction was over £50m. For the coming year that figure is programmed to increase materially to over £400m, an eight-fold increase, which will support an estimated 5,500 local jobs in the construction and related industries.

A number of hub projects planned to start construction this year are to be revenue funded, which will result in further investment in the DBFM projects by SFTi, conservatively estimated to be in the region of £1.3m. The returns on these investments will both offset management costs and potentially provide seed funding for future investments.

During this financial year, commercial close was reached on hub's first collaborative revenue funded project, the Forres, Woodside and Tain Primary Care project with both NHS Grampian and NHS Highland. Financial close was reached within the first fortnight of 2013-2014, with Aviva providing senior finance and SFTi investing subordinated debt.

The current conditions for infrastructure investment remain challenging. This underlines the important role of SFT and SFTi in continuing to innovate and attract inward investment, whilst delivering value-for-money.

hymmoreal.

Sir Angus Grossart Chairman

25 June 2013

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their Annual Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013.

Principal Activity

The principal activity of the Company is to hold investments in infrastructure companies, assets and projects across Scotland, which is consistent with the prior year.

The Company made a profit for the year after tax of £185,078 (2012: £676,205). This is derived from £200,039 of grant income utilised to make investments; plus an operating profit representing interest income in excess of management expenses (net of tax) of £924; less an expense of £15,885 incurred in the planned transfer of investments in hub North Scotland Ltd to Shetland Islands Council. No dividends have been paid or are proposed. Profits are transferred to retained earnings and utilised to make investments.

Business Review

SFTi is a wholly owned subsidiary of SFT and its sole activity is as an investment company. The Company has no staff or other operations. Investments in SFTi are managed by its Directors, who are represented on Companies in which SFTi invests by members of the SFT staff.

During the year SFTi invested share capital of £10 in, and made a working capital loan of £100,000 to hub West Scotland Limited on 27 April 2012. This represents a 10% holding in the company. SFTi invested additional share capital of £15 in, and made a working capital loan of £150,000 on 27 April 2012 on behalf of public participant bodies representing an additional 15%. In 2013/14, these are expected to be transferred to other public sector participants. Other public participant bodies are holding a further 15% and a private development partner selected following open competition holds the remaining 60%.

During the year SFTi also invested share capital of £10 in, and made a working capital loan of £100,000 to hub South West Scotland Limited on 17 November 2012. This represents a 10% holding in the company. SFTi invested additional share capital of £2.50 in, and made a working capital loan of £25,000 on 17 November 2012 on behalf of public participant bodies representing an additional 2.5%. In 2013/14, these are expected to be transferred to other public sector participants. Other public participant bodies are holding a further 27.5% and a private development partner selected following open competition holds the remaining 60%.

The structure and percentage holdings mirror those of the three existing investments in hub South East Scotland Limited, hub North Scotland Limited and hub East Central Scotland Limited. All equity investments are held at par with working capital loans attracting a modest interest income.

The additional investment of £3 share capital together with £15,882 working capital in hub North Scotland Limited made in January 2011 was transferred to Shetland Islands ownership during the year to 31 March 2013.

It is not anticipated that these investments will deliver very substantial returns over their life as their intention is to create a corporate and associated governance structure within which investment subordinated debt into all future design build, finance and maintain (DBFM) projects undertaken by the company with up to a further 30% if rights are not taken up by public sector participants. It is these

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

Business Review (continued)

substantive investments in projects that are anticipated to deliver returns over the 25-year contract durations of each DBFM project.

After the year end the second DBFM agreement was entered into in the hub North territory and £133,884 of subordinated debt was taken up by the Company investing in Forres, Woodside and Tain Bundle Project. The investment is in the form of 10.2% fixed coupon unsecured loans. Interest is expected annually in the operational phase of the project with the principal being returned in 25 years.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and post year end are as follows:

Sir Angus Grossart	Chairman
Graeme Bissett	Non-Executive Director
James Fletcher	Non-Executive Director
Fiona Mackenzie	Non-Executive Director
Carolyn Dwyer	Non-Executive Director
Barry White	Executive Director
Peter Reekie	Executive Director

The Company is wholly owned by Scottish Futures Trust Limited, a company wholly owned by the Scottish Ministers. Under section 251 of the Companies Act 2006, the Scottish Ministers are considered to be a Shadow Director of the Company.

Disclosure of Information to Auditor

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' Report confirm that, so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware and each director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

The Audit Committee retained Scott-Moncrieff, Chartered Accountants as auditor to the parent company, SFT for 2012/13. Scott-Moncrieff is also the auditor of SFTi. The Company has elected to dispense with the holding of the AGM, the laying of financial statements in a general meeting and the annual appointment of the auditor as meetings between the sole shareholder, Scottish Government and the Company occur on a regular basis.

On behalf of the Board

Barry White Executive Director 25 June 2013

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to high standards of corporate governance, business integrity and professionalism in all its activities.

Throughout the accounting year ending 31 March 2013, the Company has complied with all the relevant provisions of the UK Corporate Governance Code issued by the Financial Reporting Council as best practice guidance, except as explained below, notwithstanding that the Company is not a listed company to which the provisions are directed. The following exceptions are noted:

- there is no Nominations Committee as non-executive Board appointments, including their terms and conditions of employment, are determined by the Company's ultimate shareholder, the Scottish Ministers;
- in view of the Company's responsibilities to take account of public sector guidelines, compliance is not appropriate with the provision in the UK Corporate Governance Code that performance-related elements of remuneration should form a significant proportion of Executive Directors' total pay package;
- there is no Remuneration Committee as the Company has no direct employees;
- The Board has not identified a Senior Independent Director as the shareholder appoints and appraises the performance of the Chairman, and the Chairman was independent on his appointment and has no financial interest in the performance of the Company; and
- The Board has requested the Audit Committee to regularly review the need for an internal audit function. Due principally to the size and nature of the organisation, alongside a clear controls framework the Audit Committee has to date not identified such a need.

Board of Directors

The Board is the principal decision-making forum. It has overall responsibility for leading and controlling the Company and is accountable to the Company's ultimate shareholder, the Scottish Ministers, for financial and operational performance. The Board approves Company strategy, authorises key investment decisions and monitors performance. The Board has adopted a formal schedule of matters, in accordance with those matters reserved by the Board of the Parent Company, SFT, which are specifically reserved for its decision, which is reviewed on an annual basis.

The roles of the Chairman and the Executive Directors are distinct and separate, with a clear division of responsibilities. The Chairman leads the Board and ensures the effective engagement and contribution of all the Directors. Executive Directors have responsibility for all operational business and act in accordance with the authority delegated from the Board. Responsibility for the implementation of policy, strategy and operational management is delegated to the Executive Directors.

The Chairman's other significant commitments are chairmanship of: Noble Grossart Ltd (and related entities), Scotland International Ltd, Fine Art Society Plc, Lyon & Turnbull Ltd, Wright Health Group Ltd, Edinburgh Partners Ltd and the Burrell Renaissance. The Chairman is also a non-executive director of Culture and Sport Glasgow.

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (continued)

Board of Directors (continued)

Board Meetings take place throughout each year as regularly as is required for the specific investment business that the Company undertakes. Board Meetings are structured to allow open discussion and all Directors participate in discussing the Company's strategic aims and performance and financial and risk management.

Four Board meetings were held during the year.

Board balance and independence

In the year ended 31 March 2013, the Board comprised five non-executive directors (including the Chairman). The Board considers that, based on the criteria set out in the provisions of the UK Corporate Governance Code, all non-executive directors (including the Chairman at the time of his appointment) are independent. The non-executive directors combine broad business and commercial experience gained in the private and public sectors with independent and objective judgement and constructively challenge and assist development of strategic matters.

The Board functions effectively and efficiently and is considered to be of an appropriate size in relation to the Company's level of business and associated responsibilities.

The Board aims to achieve a balance between Non-Executive and Executive Directors so as to promote clear and effective leadership and maintain the highest standards of integrity and professionalism across the Company's business activities.

Election of Directors

The Board of SFTi is the same as, and follows the same election process as, the Board of the parent company, SFT.

Information

As permitted by the Companies Act 2006, the Board has dispensed with the appointment of a Company Secretary. The Chairman is responsible for advising the directors on all governance matters and for ensuring that Board procedures are followed. All directors are entitled to obtain independent professional advice at the Company's expense. Minutes of Board and Sub-Committee meetings are available on the SFT's website following their approval.

Performance evaluation

The performance of the non-executive directors and the executive directors is assessed by the Chairman. The Chairman's performance is assessed by the Scottish Government.

Board Committees

Due to the restricted nature of its business, the Company Board does not have an extensive committee structure. There is a Group Audit Committee whose membership is determined by the parent company.

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (continued)

Group Audit Committee

The Group Audit Committee is responsible for assisting the Board in discharging its responsibilities in relation to the financial affairs of the Parent and its subsidiaries, the arrangements for accounting, financial reporting and regulatory compliance, the standards and effectiveness of internal control, the arrangements for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by the Company and the arrangements for external audit. The Group Audit Committee meets regularly throughout the accounting year and, in addition, it meets the external auditor privately.

The Group Audit Committee reviews and monitors the independence of the external auditor in relation to nonaudit assignments, taking into account relevant ethical guidance.

The Group Audit Committee undertakes an annual evaluation to assess the independence and objectives of the external auditor and the effectiveness of the audit process, taking into consideration relevant professional and regulatory requirements.

Members of the Group Audit Committee are: Graeme Bissett (chair) and James Fletcher.

In the year ended 31 March 2013 there were two meetings of the Audit Committee. The Board is satisfied that the Committee membership has relevant financial and business experience.

Attendance at Board and Committee meetings

Attendance by board members at board and committee meetings held during the year was as follows:

	Board	Audit Committee
Number of meetings	4	2
Sir Angus Grossart	3	-
Graeme Bissett	4	2
Carolyn Dwyer	4	-
James Fletcher	3	2
Fiona MacKenzie	4	-
Barry White	4	-
Peter Reekie	4	-

Relations with Ultimate Shareholder

As disclosed in the Directors' Report, the Company's ultimate shareholder, the Scottish Ministers, is considered to be a Shadow Director of the Company. The Chairman, on behalf of the Directors has met with Scottish Ministers regularly during the year to understand their views and has reported these to the Board.

STATEMENT OF INTERNAL CONTROL

The key elements of the system of internal control are as follows:

Control Structure

SFTi has in place the same internal control system as SFT. Given the nature and size of the Company, SFTi's control structure is the responsibility of the directors and there is no current need for a separate internal audit function, though this will be kept under review. The organisation has clear lines of responsibility and effective communication channels which ensures that best practice in managing risks and controls is consistently applied. In addition, the Company's external auditor present reports to the Audit Committee which include any significant internal control matters which they have identified.

Identification and Monitoring of Business Risks

The Company has adopted a risk-based approach to internal control by evaluating the likelihood and impact of risk and putting in place appropriate levels of control to mitigate each risk. Procedures include an ongoing process of identifying, evaluating and managing key risks and, where appropriate, enhancing the systems which manage these risks. Regular review of the risks is undertaken by the Audit Committee and ultimately the Board.

Corporate Information Systems

The Company operates a budgeting and financial reporting system appropriate to its business as an investment vehicle. Standard financial control procedures are in place which provides assurance on the integrity of the Company's finances.

Effectiveness of Internal Controls

The directors are responsible for, and for reviewing the effectiveness of, the Company's system of internal control, including internal financial control, which is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against unauthorised use or disposition and the maintenance of proper accounting records and the reliability of financial information used within the business or for publication. These controls are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives due to circumstances which may reasonably be foreseen and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

On behalf of the Board

Barry White Executive Director

25 June 2013

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the Company's financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS's) and International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) interpretations endorsed by the European Union.

The Company's financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The directors have decided to prepare voluntarily a Report on Corporate Governance as if the Company were required to comply with the Listing Rules of the Financial Conduct Authority (formerly the Financial Services Authority) in relation to those matters.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

REPORT ON DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Details of directors' remuneration are as follows:

Directors' Remuneration

None of the Directors receive remuneration for their service to SFTi.

Directors are remunerated through SFTi's parent company, SFT.

On behalf of the Board

Barry White Executive Director

25 June 2013

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SCOTTISH FUTURES TRUST INVESTMENTS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Scottish Futures Trust Investments Limited for the year ended 31 March 2013 which comprise the Income Statement, the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union.

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 495 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective Responsibilities of Directors and Auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

In addition to our audit of the financial statements, the directors have engaged us to review their Corporate Governance Statement as if the company were required to comply with the Listing Rules of the Financial Conduct Authority (formerly the Financial Services Authority) in relation to those matters. We review whether the Corporate Governance Statement reflects the company's compliance with the UK Corporate Governance Code specified for our review by those rules, and we report if it does not. We are not required by the terms of our engagement to consider whether the board's statements on internal control cover all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's corporate governance procedures or its risk and control procedures.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SCOTTISH FUTURES TRUST INVESTMENTS LIMITED (continued)

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2013 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion:

• the information given in the Annual Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Opinion on other matter

In our opinion:

• the Corporate Governance Statement reflects the company's compliance with the UK Corporate Governance Code.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Bennett.

Nick Bennett (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of Scott Moncrieff, Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors Exchange Place 3, Semple Street, Edinburgh, EH3 8BL

25 June 2013

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

	Note	2013 £	2012 £
Continuing operations		L	L
Revenue		-	-
Cost of sales		-	-
Gross profit			-
Other income	3	72,589	29,693
Capital grant income	4	375,057	676,205
Administrative expenditure	5	(71,434)	(29,693)
Capital grant expenditure	6	(190,903)	-
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		185,309	676,205
Taxation on profit ordinary activities	7	(231)	-
Net profit for the year		185,078	676,205
Distributed as follows:			
Transferred to retained earnings		185,078	676,205
Profits available for distribution			

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

	2013	2012
	£	£
Profit for the year	185,078	676,205
Total recognised income for the year	185,078	676,205
Attributable to :		
Equity holders of the Company	185,078	676,205

SCOTTISH FUTURES TRUST INVESTMENTS LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT 31 MARCH 2013

	Share Capital	Retained Earnings	Total
	£	£	£
At 1 April 2012	1	882,117	882,118
Profit for the year	-	185,078	185,078
At 31 March 2013	1	1,067,195	1,067,196

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2013

	Note	2013	2012
ASSETS		£	£
Non-current assets			
Investments			
Investments in share capital	8	80	44
Financial assets - Working capital loans	9a	490,000	305,882
Financial assets – subordinated debt	9b	576,191	576,191
		1,066,271	882,117
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	10	114,336	44,965
Available-for-sale financial assets	11	175,018	-
Cash and cash equivalents	12	3,231	-
Current liabilities		292,585	44,965
Trade and other payables	13	(291,660)	(44,964)
		(291,660)	(44,964)
Net current assets		925	1
Net assets		1,067,196	882,118
Equity			
Called up share capital	14	1	1
Retained earnings	14	1,067,195	882,117
Total shareholders' funds		1,067,196	882,118

These financial statements were approved by the Board of directors and authorised for issue on 25 June 2013 on its behalf by:

hymmoral.

Sir Angus Grossart Chairman

Registered Company Number: SC381388

Barry White Executive Director

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR TO 31 MARCH 2013

	Note	2013	2012
		£	£
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit from operations for the year		185,078	676,205
Capital grant expenditure	6	190,903	-
Increase in trade and other receivables	10	(244,389)	(29,693)
Increase in trade and other payables	13	246,696	29,693
Net cash from operating activities		378,288	676,205
Cash flows from investing activities	:		
Purchase of investments	8	(39)	(14)
Provision of working capital loans	9a	(200,000)	(676,191)
Purchase of available-for-sale financial assets	11	(175,018)	-
Net cash used in investing activities	:	(375,057)	(676,205)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		3,231	-
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	12	3,231	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR TO 31 MARCH 2013

1. Basis of preparation and accounting policies

The financial statements of Scottish Futures Trust Investments Limited have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs as adopted by the EU), IFRIC interpretations and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are presented in British Pounds since this is the functional currency of the Company.

Scottish Futures Trust Investments Limited is a Company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom. The address of its registered office is 11 – 15 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF.

The report is prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historic costs and does not take into account changing money values or, except where specifically stated, current valuations of non-current assets.

Accounting policies are selected and applied in a manner which ensures that the resulting financial information satisfies the concepts of relevance and reliability, thereby ensuring that the substance of the underlying transactions or other events is reported.

The International Accounting Standards Board has issued a number of new and revised Accounting Standards in the year and have also issued standards that will become effective in future years. The Company has not adopted any of these standards early. These standards have been reviewed and do not have a material impact on the financial statements of SFTi.

The following significant accounting policies have been adopted in the preparation of this report:

Going Concern

On the basis of the information available to them, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company will continue to receive properly budgeted and controlled funding from the Scottish Futures Trust Limited and has forecasted income to be received from investment activities. Consequently, in managing this capital, the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, the directors consider it appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Share capital

The ordinary share of SFTi is classified as equity.

Financial instruments

Classification, recognition and measurement

The Company classifies its financial assets as investments, loans and receivables or available-for -sale. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR TO 31 MARCH 2013

1. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (continued)

Investments

These are investments by SFTi in hub companies and are held at cost as their fair value cannot be measured reliably. SFTi has no intention of disposing these investments.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either designated as such or that are not classified in any other category of financial asset. They comprise investments in the equity of other entities where there is neither a fixed maturity nor fixed or determinable payments and working capital loans. Available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value with the exception of unquoted equity instruments where fair value cannot be measured reliably. Such instruments are measured at cost.

De-recognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Cash and cash equivalents

In the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and at call deposits with banks or financial institutions.

Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods and services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised at cost.

Revenue

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Company's activities. The Company recognises revenues when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company.

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method. When a loan and receivable is impaired, the Company reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired loans and receivables is recognised using the original effective rate.

1. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (continued)

Current income tax

The tax expense for the year comprises current tax. Tax recognised in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

2. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements under IFRS requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. If in the future should such estimates and assumptions deviate from actual circumstances, the original estimates and assumptions would be modified as appropriate in the year in which circumstances change. There were no estimates or assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

3.	Other income	2013 £	2012 £
	SFT funding received to compensate for expenses incurred Interest income from working capital loans	- 72,589	27,403 2,290
		72,589	29,693
4.	Capital grant income	2013 £	2012 £
	SFT capital grant received for SFTi investments in hubCo's	375,057	676,205
5.	Administrative expenditure	2013 £	2012 £
	Profit before taxation is stated after charging:	71 / 20	20 602
	Management fee payable to SFT Bank charges	71,428	29,693
		71,434	29,693

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR TO 31 MARCH 2013

6.	Capital grant expenditure	2013	2012
		£	£
		190,903	-

This represents the share capital and working capital loans transferred to Shetland Islands per notes 8 and 9a and the grant in respect of available-for-sale financial assets as per note 11 which are held on behalf of other public sector participants and will be transferred over by SFTi in 2013/14.

7. Taxation

	2013	2012
	£	£
Corporation tax charge	231	-

The corporation tax charge is in respect of the surplus generated as a result of the interest on working capital loans and sub-ordinated debt exceeding the administration expenses of the company.

8.	Investments – Share capital	2013	2012
		£	£
	Cost and Net Book Value		
	At beginning of year	44	30
	Additions	39	14
	Transfer of ownership	(3)	-
	At 31 March 2013	80	

SFTi transferred £3 of share capital held in hub North Scotland Limited to Shetland Islands ownership during year ended 31 March 2013. This is included in capital grant expenditure.

SFTi invested share capital of £10 in hub West Scotland during the year to 31 March 2013.

SFTi invested share capital of £10 in hub South West Scotland during the year to 31 March 2013.

SFTi invested £1 in nineteen separate housing partnership LLPs during the year.

Share capital investments cannot be classified in any other category of financial asset. There is no intention to dispose any of the existing investments.

9a.	Financial assets - working capital loans	2013 £	2012 £
	Cost and Net Book Value		
	At beginning of year	305,882	205,882
	Additions	200,000	100,000
	Transfer of ownership	(15,882)	-
	At 31 March 2013	490,000	305,882

SFTi loaned working capital of £100,000 to hub South East Scotland Limited on 30 July 2010. This working capital facility is available until 30 July 2015 by which date the full amount of the working capital facility shall be due and payable on demand unless a renewal or extension is agreed. The rate of interest applicable shall be: the amount of interest (net of tax) received where amounts are held in a reserve account, or 5% p.a. on all other sums.

SFTi loaned working capital of £90,000 to hub North Scotland Limited on 28 January 2011. This working capital facility is available until 27 January 2016 by which date the full amount of the working capital facility shall be due and payable on demand unless a renewal or extension is agreed. The rate of interest applicable shall be: the interest (net of tax) received where amounts are held in a reserve account, and 4.5% p.a. on all other sums. Interest will be payable semi-annually (on 31 December and 30 June). The Company also made an additional loan of £15,882 working capital loan to hub North Scotland during the period to 31 March 2011. This was transferred to Shetland Islands ownership during year ended 31 March 2013 and is included in capital grant expenditure.

SFTi loaned working capital of £100,000 to hub East Central Scotland Limited on 7 February 2012. This working capital facility is available until 6 February 2017 by which date the full amount of the working capital facility shall be due and payable on demand unless a renewal or extension is agreed. The rate of interest applicable shall be: the interest (net of tax) received where amounts are held in the reserve account, and 5% p.a. on all other sums. Interest will be payable semi-annually (on 31 December and 30 June).

SFTi loaned working capital of £100,000 to hub West Scotland Limited on 27 April 2012. This working capital facility is available until 26 April 2017 by which date the full amount of the working capital facility shall be due and payable on demand unless a renewal or extension is agreed. The rate of interest applicable shall be: the interest (net of tax) received where amounts are held in the reserve account, and 6.5% p.a. on all other sums. Interest will be payable semi-annually (on 31 December and 30 June).

SFTi loaned working capital of £100,000 to hub South West Scotland Limited on 17 November 2012. This working capital facility is available until 16 November 2017 by which date the full amount of the working capital facility shall be due and payable on demand unless a renewal or extension is agreed. The rate of interest applicable shall be: the interest (net of tax) received where amounts are held in the reserve account, and 6% p.a. on all other sums. Interest will be payable semi-annually (on 31 December and 30 June).

Working capital loans are held as financial assets - loan and receivables.

9b.	Financial assets – subordinated debt	2013	2012
	Cost and Net Book Value	£	£
	At beginning of year	576,191	-
	Additions	-	576,191
	At 31 March 2013	576,191	576,191

SFTI made its first investment in a project in March 2012 when it invested in Aberdeen Community Health Village DBFM, a special purpose company wholly owned by hub North Scotland Limited, in the form of 10.2% fixed coupon unsecured loans. Interest is expected annually in the operational phase of the project with the principal being returned in 25 years.

10.	Trade and other receivables	2013 £	2012 £
	Amount receivable from related party – SFT	40,153	40,134
	Accrued interest income	74,183	4,831
		114,336	44,965
11.	Available-for-sale financial assets	2013	2012
11.	Available-for-sale financial assets	2013 £	2012 £
11.	Available-for-sale financial assets Shareholding in hub Companies		
11.		£	

SFTi holds additional share capital of £15 in hub West Scotland Limited and has provided an additional working capital loan of £150,000. SFTi also holds additional share capital of £3 in hub South West Scotland Ltd and has provided an additional working capital loan of £25,000. These assets are held on behalf of other public sector participants and will be transferred over by SFTi in 2013/14 and therefore have been included in available-for sale financial assets within the financial statements and in trade and other payables under accruals (note 13) together with the £1 invested in nineteen separate housing partnership LLPs during the year as per note 8.

12.	Cash and cash equivalents	2013	2012
		£	£
	Cash at bank	3,231	-

13.	Trade and other payables	2013 £	2012 £
	Amount payable to related party – SFT	116,392	44,964
	Corporation tax payable	231	-
	Accruals – available for sale financial assets – note 11	175,037	-
	_	291,660	44,964
14.	Called up share capital and investment reserve	2013	2012
	Share capital	£	£
	Authorised, issued but not yet fully paid – ordinary shares of £1 each		
	As at 31 March 2013	1	1

The shares have attached to them full voting, dividend and capital distribution (including on winding up) rights; they do not confer any rights of redemption.

Retained Earnings		
As at beginning of year	882,117	205,912
Profit for the year transferred to retained earnings	185,078	676,205
As at 31 March 2013	1,067,195	882,117

The retained earnings reserve comprises the cumulative profits of the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR TO 31 MARCH 2013

15. Related party transactions

During the year there were no salaried executive directors. No fees were paid to non-executive directors. Details of other transactions with related parties are included below:

Scottish Futures Trust Limited

The Company is wholly owned by Scottish Futures Trust Limited which is a company wholly owned by Scottish Ministers. Details of transactions with the Scottish Futures Trust Limited are included below.

	2013	2012
Income Statement	£	£
Scottish Futures Trust Limited Funding received		
Operational grant funding received	-	27,403
Capital grant funding received for investment	375,057	676,205
	375,057	703,608
Payments made to Scottish Futures Trust Limited		
SFT Management Fee	71,428	29,693
Nature of funding receipt		
Payments made directly by SFT on behalf of SFTi	375,038	676,205
Year end receivable	19	27,403
	375,057	703,608
Statement of Financial Position		
Balance owed by SFT to SFTi - included in other receivables		
Balance owed to SFT by SFTi - included in other payables	40,153	40,134
	(116,392)	(44,964)

Hub South East Scotland Limited

John Hope, a senior management team member of SFT, is a non-executive director of hub South East Scotland Limited. Details of material transactions with hub South East Scotland Limited are included below:

	2013	2012
	£	£
Statement of Financial Position		
Financial assets – Working capital loans	100,000	100,000

15. Related party transactions (continued)

Hub North Scotland Limited

Andrew Bruce, an associate director of SFT, is a non-executive director of hub North Scotland Limited. Details of material transactions with hub North Scotland Limited are included below:

	2013	2012
	£	£
Statement of Financial Position		
Financial assets – Working capital loans	90,000	105,882
Financial assets – subordinated debt	576,191	576,191

Hub East Central Scotland Limited

Tony Rose, a senior management team member of SFT, is a non-executive director of hub East Central Scotland Limited. Details of material transactions with hub East Central Scotland Limited are included below:

	2013	2012
	£	£
Statement of Financial Position		
Financial assets – Working capital loans	100,000	100,000

Hub West Scotland Limited

Alastair Young, an associate director of SFT, is a non-executive director of hub West Scotland Limited. Details of material transactions with hub West Scotland Limited are included below:

	2013	2012
	£	£
Statement of Financial Position		
Financial assets – Working capital loans	100,000	-
Assets held for sale	150,000	-

Hub South West Scotland Limited

John Hope, a senior management team member of SFT, is a non-executive director of hub South West Scotland Limited. Details of material transactions with hub South West Scotland Limited are included below:

	2013	2012	
	£	£	
Statement of Financial Position			
Financial assets – Working capital loans	100,000		-
Assets held for sale	25,000		-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR TO 31 MARCH 2013

16. Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments comprise of cash resources which arise directly from its operations. The Company has not entered into derivatives transactions. The Company has no borrowings. Each of the main risk exposures related to financial instruments are considered below.

Interest rate risk - As the Company has no borrowings or significant amounts of cash on deposit it has no significant exposure to interest rate risk.

Credit Risk - The Company does not have a significant concentration of credit risk. Bank deposits are held with major national banks and the principal customer is the Scottish Government.

Liquidity Risk - The Company operates within a budget agreed with the Scottish Government and as such liquidity is not seen as a major risk area.

Fair value of financial assets and liabilities - The directors consider that there is no significant difference between the book value and fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities.

17. Ultimate Controlling Party

The Company is wholly-owned by the Scottish Futures Trust Limited which is a company wholly-owned by the Scottish Ministers.

18. Post balance sheet event

After the year-end an investment of £133,884 was made in Forres, Tain and Woodside DBFM by SFTi, a special purpose company wholly owned by hub North Scotland Limited.

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISORS

Directors

Sir Angus Grossart (Chairman) Graeme Bissett (Non-Executive Director) James Fletcher (Non-Executive Director) Fiona Mackenzie (Non-Executive Director) Carolyn Dwyer (Non-Executive Director) Barry White (Executive Director) Peter Reekie (Executive Director)

Chief Executive

Barry White

Registered office & Principal Place of Business

11-15 Thistle Street Edinburgh EH1 2DF

Registered Company number SC381388

Auditor

Scott-Moncrieff Exchange Place 3 Semple Street Edinburgh EH3 8BL

Bankers

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc 36 St Andrews Square Edinburgh EH2 2YB

Website

www.scottishfuturestrust.org.uk