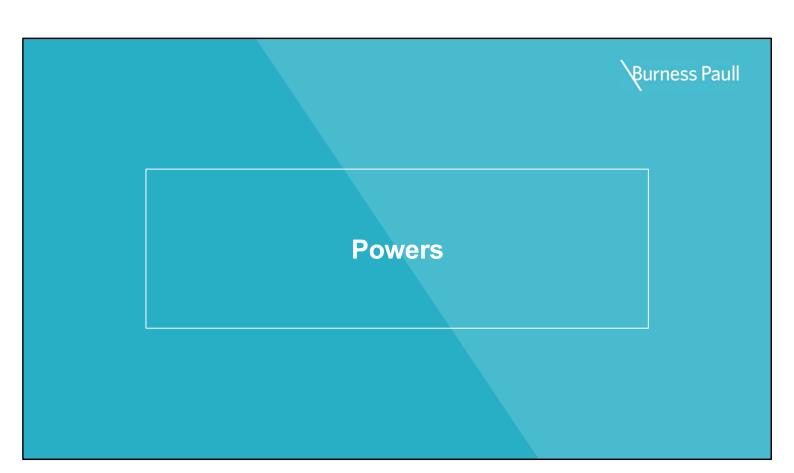
Burness Paull

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TARIFFS AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES: POWERS, PROFITS AND PRACTICALITIES

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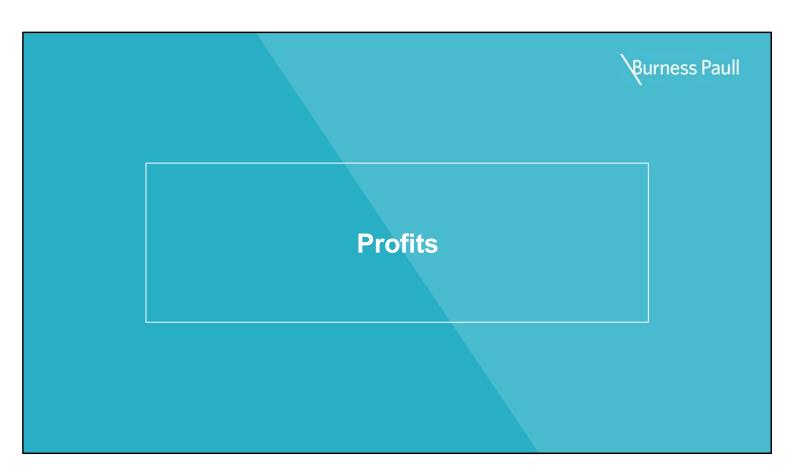
Powers

- Trading operations?
 - Local Authorities (Goods and Services) Act 1970
- Subsidiary power?
 - Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973
- Power to advance wellbeing?
 - Local Government in Scotland Act 2003

Important for LAs to look for the right power.

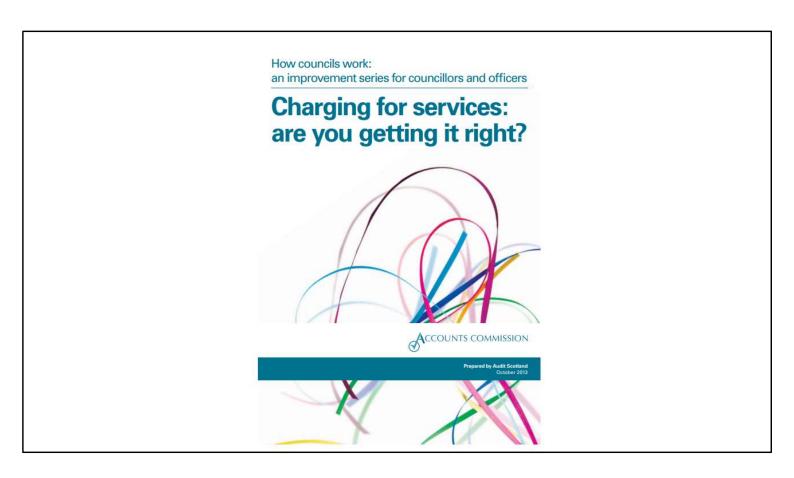
- Trading operations (best avoided as statutory limit outside of public sector is zero)
 - LA keeps trading accounts
 - Carried on for the purpose of enabling authority to raise money
 - Provided in a competitive environment
 - Provided on a basis other than straightforward recharge of cost
- **Subsidiary power** (need to find a function which the action facilitates or is conducive or incidental to)
 - Various functions to do with roads
 - Local outcomes under the Community Empowerment (Scotland)
 Act 2015
 - Duties re: Climate Change (Scotland) Act 2009 (duty to have regard to something in exercise of functions not a function itself)
 - Production of supply of electricity The Sale of Electricity by Local Authorities (Scotland) Regulations 2010
- Power to Advance Wellbeing
 - Power to do anything which authority considers likely to promote

- or improve the wellbeing of the area or persons within it.
- Can't be used for purpose of raising money, but LAs can impose reasonable charges



No specific prohibition on making profit, but councils don't work on basis of "no prohibition". Powers basis (per above) will determine approach re: profit.

- Subsidiary power
 - S69(1) sufficiently close link to function
 - S69(2) not a prohibition on making a profit
- · Power to advance wellbeing
 - S22(8)(b) can impose "reasonable charges"



What are reasonable charges?

https://www.audit-scotland.gov.uk/docs/local/2013/nr_131031_hcw_charging_services.pdf

- "Charges for public sector services generally cover the costs of providing them and are not intended to generate income. Where charges generate a profit or surplus, this is normally reinvested in the service."
- "In certain circumstances, councils and their associated organisations may be able to trade in the open market, applying commercial rates to generate some profit."

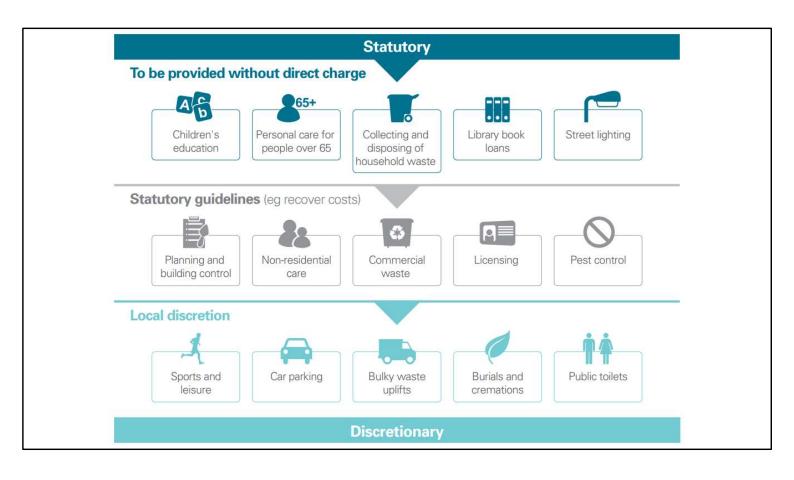
Duty to secure best value - Local Government in Scotland Act 2003 S1

- (2) Continuous improvement in the performance of the authority's functions
- (3) In securing best value, the local authority shall maintain an appropriate balance among—

 - (a) the quality of its performance of its functions;
 (b) the cost to the authority of that performance; and
 (c) the cost to persons of any service provided by it for them on a wholly or partly rechargeable basis.
- (4) In maintaining that balance, the local authority shall have regard to—

 (a) efficiency;

 - (b) effectiveness;
 - (c) **economy**; and
 - (d) the need to meet the **equal opportunity** requirements.





Practicalities

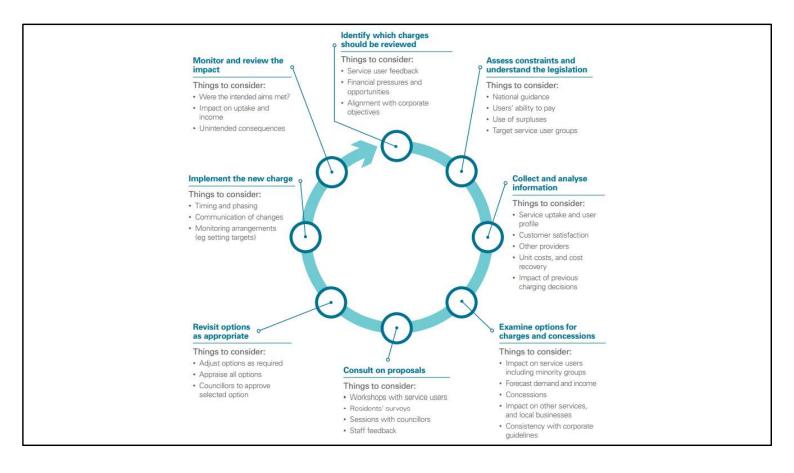
Documenting Decisions

- Who is making the decision? Do they have power to do so on behalf of the authority?
- What are they considering? Failure to consider relevant factors could make the decision unreasonable.
- Is the decision "reasonable"?

Establishing an Evidence base

- What are you trying to evidence? Link to local authority's function? Likeliness of promoting wellbeing? What kind of wellbeing? How is the duty to secure best value being secured?
- How are you evidencing it? Public consultation? Data analysis and consideration of 'market rate'? Stakeholder engagement?

Specifically on charges – helpful resources from Audit Scotland on following two slides. Broad range of considerations - local policy, accessibility, quality of service, corporate guidelines, etc.)



lss	sue	Yes/No	Action
Ch	narging policy		
•	Do councillors give you a clear direction over charging priorities?		
•	Do you have clear policies in place for how charges should be applied – do these recognise the constraints and legislation that apply?		
•	Are corporate policy and guidelines adhered to by service directors/ service providers?		
•	Is charging practice in arm's-length providers and contracted services consistent with the council's policy?		
Fir	nancial management		
•	Do you understand the contribution that charges make to the financial position of the council?		
•	Do you understand how your charging practice compares with other councils?		
•	Do you understand unit costs, the extent to which costs are recovered by charges, and patterns of income from charges?		
•	Do you understand how services are subsidised and the extent to which charges recover costs?		
•	Do you have a register of charges across the council to help manage charges consistently?		
Se	etting charges	S.	
•	Do you fully assess charging options, in line with the good practice set out in this report?		
•	Do you have clear objectives for charging, such as to influence behaviour and service uptake, or to recover costs?		
•	Do you understand customer views and the likely impact of charges on service uptake and income overall?		
•	Is there evidence that charges are adversely affecting uptake or impacting on service users?		

ssue	Yes/No	Action
Reviewing charges		
 Have you reviewed the council's overall approach to charging – what issues need to be addressed? 		
 Are there any charges that should be reviewed, eg that are inconsistent with other providers? 		
Is there scope to generate more income from charges, for example by raising charges in line with the market?		
Have you consulted service users and council tax payers over charging?		
 Do you make good use of available technology to make charging and concessions more efficient and user-friendly? 		
Concessions		
Do you have corporate guidelines on how concessions should be applied?		
Are these consistent with and linked to overall charging policies?		
Are concessions applied consistently across services?		
 Is eligibility for concessions managed efficiently and shared across services? 		
 Are concessions and the use of subsidy managed to ensure that services are financially viable? 		



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